

"A OTHER JONES" FINDS TRAGEDY WHERE EXTREMES MEET IN GOTHAM

WITHIN THE SPACE OF A CITY BLOCK SHE SEES THE EXCLUSIVE HORSE SHOW CROWD AND THE FAMOUS BREAD LINE OF THE PINCHED LITTLE CHILDREN OF THE SLUMS.

(Mrs. M. Jones, nationally known as "Mother Jones," famous as a labor leader and organizer, was commissioned by this newspaper to give her impressions of the New York horse show, the brilliant society spectacle of the social season in the metropolis.)

BY MOTHER JONES.
The Angel of the Coal Miners.

For the benefit of my countrywomen, who know nothing and care less of the frightful tragedies being enacted about us on every side today, I would like to recount the impression made upon me by a picture that represented the very extremes of our social system:

The Fashion Line.

I went to Madison Square Garden. Hundreds of men and women, dressed in the height of what they called fashion, were seated in boxes, facing a circle, where well-bred horses, beautifully groomed and carefully sheltered from the cold blast of a November evening, were prancing about on the tan bark.



The horse show was in progress. The great garden was hung with gay bunting, the air was oppressively still, the perfume of cologne and flowers. Puffs of diamonds glinted at the ears and breasts of the women. Orchids, which I am told cost \$5 apiece, were as common at the corsages of the society dames as daisies in an uncultivated meadow in July.

A friend told me that the hats that some of the women wore cost as much as \$200 or \$300. One man wore a sable coat that represented at least \$300. There were silks and satins and rare lace enough to pave Broadway for two miles.

When a rotten prince of royalty came to attend the show the band played the national anthem and society buckled up like hairpins before

his royal highness. Millions of dollars worth of clothes rustled as the prince passed through the circles. Maids, in evening clothes, with hands that looked like the show window of a jewelry store, took off their hats. It was a grand sight.

The Bread Line.

I walked a hundred paces east, toward the corner of 27th street, and

there, the charity donation of the business owner of that block shop.

I cannot adequately describe that emaciated, physically, mentally, and no doubt, morally, dwarfed, bread line of children. The night was cold. Their little hands were blue. They were not half dressed. Poor innocents. Little did they realize the frightful tragedy they pictured in my mind. I saw them stare the old bread away in their bags and baskets and dart off through the dark streets to their tenement homes.

My thoughts went back to Palestine. I thought of the Christ who climbed the hill of Calvary. From that day to this Christ's children have been walking the bloody pathway of the nations, on, up, up to the Mount of Calvary.

Inside the garden those people had little thought or pity for the poor they knew to be but a block away. True, they have their charities, associations, reform schools, college extensions, reformatory homes and jails, but the children come every night for the bread.

Our modern thieves in broadcloth do not steal their bread. They are on trial for the alleged offense of inciting riot, told me I was a good old woman, meant well and asked me why I did not go into charity. "I don't believe in charity," I told him. "If I had my way about it I would tear down every charitable institution in this world. I want justice, no more, no less. If you'll give me justice we won't need charity."

Alas, how sad is the fate of the children and some of the army of poor children of New York—the kind of children I have described. Some will be forced into the slave pen of our institutions system. When they protest the butterflies of the horse show will rise up to crush them.

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CHRISTMAS SHOPPERS ARE MOVING LIVELY THESE DAYS

Representatives of the Evening Citizen Visit the Toy Headquarters and Formulate Their Ideas in the Subjoined Article.

Christmas shopping has already commenced in Albuquerque, the public apparently preferring to make as many of their purchases as early as possible before the great holiday rush begins.

Armies of toy soldiers, great families of dolls, fleets of miniature war vessels, whole sets of railroad cars, sets of toy houses, wonderful electrical and mechanical toys, theaters with performers who never forget their parts, wheeled toys, velocipedes, coasters, wagons, doll carriages, games, everything imaginable to delight the little folks, make this part of Albuquerque's greatest shopping places a veritable fairyland for the children.

Other departments are as attractive to the ladies as the toy section is to the youngsters. The suit and cloak store, in which is displayed the latest and most varied assortments of stylish garments, the handsomely appointed military uniforms and the women's furnishings and infants' wear departments are displaying a myriad of pretty things for Christmas gifts.

The jewelry and silverware displays are indeed dazzling. Then there are books, exhibits where one can find all of the year's choicest gift books, hundreds of new novels, the famous authors' works in choice bindings, books on science, medicine, history, art and every conceivable subject, together with a great collection of children's books.

Other sections of much interest at this time are the cut glass rooms, display of bronzes and ornaments, displays of leather and small novelties, souveniers to send to far-away friends, displays of men's smoking jackets, neckwear, and other furnishings, especially selected and looked for Christmas; the holiday neckwear for women, and the remarkable assortment of umbrellas.

It has been said that the Christmas spirit is growing old and that the time will come when it will be forgotten even to unobservance, as many of the customs of our forefathers have been. This can be successfully denied. The parental mind, the loving mother, who predominates this time of year, the spirit of giving that prevails in every human nature will successfully contradict any tendency to the contrary in the years to come.

The universal belief in this theory can only be demonstrated by the confidence of the average business man in the public in general. With the advent of the Christmas season, the merchant begins catering to Christmas trade. He makes his place of business attractive, he does his best to please his customers in every particular. Incidentally, the toy merchant is at this time of year for a generous portion of the Christmas trade. The children cannot be forgotten. They have been brought up

to believe and expect Christmas presents and the disappointment accompanying a lack of the usual spirit would be exceedingly difficult to estimate.

For the children, and Christmas was meant largely for them, toys constitute nearly a hundred per cent of the gifts. This has been the custom for ages and ages. It has been so for so long a time that an industry that amounts into the millions has been created by the demand. There are two distinct classes of toys, the American manufactured article, and the German article, usually hand made.

The German article has the greater demand. The workmanship is pre-eminently the best, owing to the fact that German labor is cheaper. American competition has no effect on the German manufacturer. His goods can be manufactured and imported direct to the retail merchant at a price considerably less than that demanded by the American manufacturer. The manufacture of mechanical toys is confined almost wholly to Nuremberg, in southwest Germany. An enormous industry has come into existence in this line and remarkable as it may seem to the average reader, American merchants and the American public are the principal consumers.

THE LITTLE DOGS

HAVE THEIR DAY.

New York, Dec. 8.—Toy dogs are having their innings at the dog show which opened at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday under the auspices of the Toy Spaniel Club of America. It is the third annual show of that kind and James Mortimer has been selected as judge. The breeds which are represented in the show are English, Japanese and Pekinese spaniels; York-shire terriers; Bostonians; black points; Griffons; Brussels; Maltese toy bull terriers; and toy black and tan. In all there fifty-six classes, and trophies are offered for each class. The entries are unusually numerous and some of the finest dogs of the toy variety are on exhibition. The attendance promises to be very large.

MANY SCANDINAVIANS

RETURN FOR CHRISTMAS.

New York, Dec. 8.—As usual at this time of the year the outlandish steamers are carrying a large number of Swedes, Norwegians and Danes, who make their annual pilgrimage to their fatherland, to spend the Yuletide in their old homes, and surrounded by their old friends. The custom has been growing in recent years and the number of Scandinavians going to their old fatherland for the Christmas holidays is increasing from year to year. Practically all the emigrants will return to the United States after the holidays, and many of them will bring members of their families and friends with them.

GOVERNOR'S DECISION IN CLANCY CHARGES

Recently Filed Against District Attorney by Ex-Sheriff Thos. S. Hubbell.

DOES NOT SUSTAIN CHARGES

It will be remembered by readers of The Evening Citizen that a few days ago, Thomas S. Hubbell, ex-sheriff of Bernalillo county, filed certain charges against District Attorney Frank W. Clancy of this city, alleging that said Clancy had failed to comply with the provisions of Chapter 113, Session Laws of 1905, and should therefore be removed from office. Governor Otero has investigated the charges and dismissed them, they not being sustained, and the explanation of District Attorney Clancy being amply sufficient. The official order of dismissal reads as follows:

In the matter of the charges brought by Thomas S. Hubbell against Frank W. Clancy, district attorney for Bernalillo county, asking for the summary removal of the said district attorney, for failure to perform his duty under Chapter 113 of the Acts of the Legislative Assembly of 1905.

The sworn charges of Thomas S. Hubbell and the sworn answer and explanation of Frank W. Clancy, district attorney, having been fully considered by me, are hereby dismissed.

First—Because Frank W. Clancy has filed in this office a full and complete answer and explanation of the transaction upon which Thomas S. Hubbell bases his charges, and the same are sworn to by the said Frank W. Clancy, and I am satisfied of the truth of the explanation and answer made by him.

Second—No complaint whatever appears to have been made against the district attorney by any one except the said Thomas S. Hubbell, and not even the members or officers of the church referred to in the charges, nor the city or county authorities, have made any complaint whatever against the said Frank W. Clancy, district attorney.

Third—Because I have no confidence in the good faith of the said Thomas S. Hubbell in preferring said charges, but on the contrary, I feel satisfied that the purpose sought to be accomplished by his action is to annoy and embarrass the district attorney, who has at all times demonstrated his willingness to enforce the law and prosecute crime; and

Therefore, this matter is hereby dismissed from further consideration. Done at the executive office this, the 8th day of December, A. D. 1905.

Witness my hand and the great seal of the territory of New Mexico.

(Seal.) MIGUEL A. OTERO.

By the Governor:
J. W. RAYNOLDS,
Secretary of New Mexico.

Invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. Albert Grandfield for a party to be held at their home Tuesday evening.

SANITARIUMS IN NEW MEXICO

Secretary Shaw Praises the Good Work Done at Fort Stanton.

FRATERNAL SANITARIUM REPORT

Secretary Shaw has recommended that a large number of marine hospitals be discontinued. Among those that he wishes continued is the one at Fort Stanton.

In speaking of the great work that is being done by this hospital, he says:

"At the sanitarium for consumptives at Fort Stanton, N. M., 355 patients were cared for during the year, of whom 118 were discharged, sixteen apparently cured, seven improved and (twelve) five unimproved; also nine died at the sanitarium and 118 remained under treatment at the close of the year."

"This hospital gives results and offers treatment not obtainable outside of New Mexico."

The other hospitals that he recommends being maintained are the ones at New York, Boston, Baltimore, New Orleans, Chicago and San Francisco. The committee of the National Fraternal Sanitarium in Las Vegas was entertained by the Commercial club of that town last night. The members arrived in the private car of W. H. Jansen.

The committee is enthusiastic and says that the management is on a sound financial basis. In the party were President E. E. Murphy, Leavenworth, Kan.; Vice President A. L. Craig, Chicago, Ill.; Directors Dr. J. A. Porter, Omaha, Neb.; M. L. Campbell, Nevada, Wis.; E. L. Hall, Mason City, Ia.; Olin Bryan, Baltimore, Md.; J. A. Langst, Pittsburg, Pa.; and W. H. Elders, St. Louis, Mo.

The following were substitutes for directors who were unable to be present: Dr. Theodore Stenson for Dr. A. P. Sharkey, of Fort Marion, Mich.; L. E. Slater for S. S. Brynson, P. L. McArdle was also represented. The party was accompanied by several wives of the officers of the institution.

SISTER WANTS HER BROTHER PARDONED

PETITION BEING CIRCULATED TO GET MURDER OUT OF TERRITORIAL PENITENTIARY.

A petition is being circulated at Trinidad asking for the pardon of "Jack" Dawe who shot and killed a man named Willis at Hoston, N. M., about one year ago, says the Chronicle. The petition is being circulated by a sister of Dawe and is being liberally signed by Trinidad people. Willis was a relative of Mr. Dawe and the two were always close friends. Dawe went to Hoston for a visit and while there he and Willis drank considerable liquor and while in this condition they quarreled and Dawe shot Willis, wounding him so badly that he died a short time later. His dying request was that Dawe be not prosecuted.

Dawe was convicted and sentenced to a term of twelve years in the territorial penitentiary at Santa Fe. Dawe resided in Trinidad at the time of the killing and was popular with all who knew him. He knew nothing of the crime he committed until he awoke in the Colfax county jail and asked the jailer what he was locked up for.

The petition will be presented to Governor Otero of New Mexico, and he may grant the prayer of the petitioners before his term of office expires, his successor having already been appointed. Dawe has been a model prisoner ever since he was first arrested for the crime.

COSTLY ADDITION TO THE SOUTHWESTERN BREWERY

WORK WILL START AS SOON AS CONTRACT CAN BE AWARDED.

Some extensive improvements are shortly to be made in the plant of the Southwestern Brewery and Ice company, at the corner of Fruit avenue and the Santa Fe tracks. Bids for the work were to have been opened a few days ago, but have been postponed by Architect J. L. LeDriere until next Monday.

The buildings which will enlarge the plant will be one, two and three stories in height, respectively, and built of Santa Fe brick and cement and steel.

The rooms will be constructed according to the most modern ideas. There will be a racking room where kegs are filled and a wash room, where the same are washed; also cooling and tank rooms. A beautiful office will also be constructed of recent blocks, one story high. It will contain the general offices of the company, the president's office, a public reception room, together with vault and storage space.

H. Birne, traveling engineer for the Baldwin Locomotive works of Philadelphia, who has been in the city the past week, left last night for a short trip over the west end for the purpose of inspecting the new engines recently installed on that division of the road, after which he will return to Albuquerque to superintend the placing into commission of a number of new engines that have been ordered from the Baldwin works for this point.

District court will open promptly at 9 o'clock Monday morning and the jury is expected to be on hand at 10 o'clock.

for men who toil

LEVI STRAUSS & CO'S OVERALLS

SPAIN'S THESPIC STARS ARE NEAR TO DIVORCE

Interesting Story of Love, Mystery and Jealousy Brings Out Extravagance of Spanish Noble and Peculiar Rearing of Actress

Madrid, Dec. 8.—A violent quarrel which mutual friends fear will lead to the divorce court, has occurred between Senora Maria Guerrero, the best known actress in Spain, and her husband, the Marquis Ferdinand Diaz de Mendoza.

The storm center is Senora Anna Colorado, a beautiful young actress of the Teatro Espanol. At a recent performance of Galdos' "El Abuelo," the

rid. He fell in love with Ventura, daughter of the Duchess de la Torre and of famous General Serrano, her spouse, ex-favorite of Queen Isabella II., and ex-regent of Spain.

Ventura, very fond of private theatricals, promised to marry the marquis if he would become an amateur actor. In the place of the Duchess de la Torre, in Madrid, was a miniature theater, and here the marquis made his initial appearance. He wed-



young actress and the marquis missed a cue, leaving Senora Guerrero waiting alone on the stage in an embarrassing position. At the end of the performance Senora Guerrero found that her husband and Senora Colorado had been too much interested in each other to notice their cue. A violent scene followed and Senora Colorado was dismissed from the company.

The marquis belongs to one of the most aristocratic and richest families in Spain. He has a long string of titles. When he was 20 years old he became a millionaire by inheritance and raced through most of his fortune during a wild career in Madrid.

ded Senora Ventura, who soon died, and the marquis became a professional actor. He played parts with Guerrero and soon married her.

Senora Guerrero's parents are said to bear the highest names in Spain, and there is a mystery about her life. Her ostensible parents are poor upholsterers, but she has all the features of an aristocrat, and she received in her youth a finished classical education, while her supposed brothers and sisters were given only a meager amount of schooling. When she was a baby she was often taken to the palace of a certain Spanish duke in Madrid, and the general belief is that this duchess is her mother.

AFTER THE PLUMS

CANDIDATES FOR NEW MEXICO FEDERAL POSITIONS AND THE CHANCES FOR APPOINTMENT.

The New Mexican the other day, in commenting on certain federal office holders who are seeking reappointment, says:

Howard Leiland, who has been recorder of the United States land office at Roswell since its establishment, and who has an excellent record as such official, will be a candidate for re-appointment. News from Roswell is to the effect that he will have the full support of the leading men of his land district for re-appointment.

Surveyor General Morgan O. Llewellyn, whose commission will expire in January, 1906, is very likely to be his own successor in the office. As far as known, there are no other candidates in the field and the "big corporal" stands well with the president and in the department of the interior. He has good New Mexican endorsements and the administration of his office during his term has been satisfactory.

W. A. Detamore, of Clayton, has returned to that town from a visit to Washington. He went to the national capital in his own interest, as he desired the appointment of receiver of the United States land office at Clayton. Mr. Detamore was a member of the Rough Riders and it is understood that his chances for appointment are good. If appointed he will succeed A. W. Thompson, who has held the office of receiver at Clayton for eight years.

Frederick C. Stevens, postmaster at Red River, Tazewell county, and also editor of the Red River Prospector, has resigned the postmastership at that point and the citizens there have recommended H. W. Penn for appointment in his stead. Mr. Stevens has done much to build up the interests of the Red River mining district in his capacity as an editor as well as a citizen.

Superintendent of Motive Power Arthur Lovell, of the Santa Fe system, arrived in the city last night in his private car, accompanied by Harrington Emerson of Topeka, who introduced the "bus" system in the city. Mr. Emerson will look after his branch of the business while in the city. J. P. Powers and Samuel Emerson, also of Topeka, have the matter of installing the bus system in the local shops and will remain in the city several days getting things in shape, arranging the schedule and getting the system in perfect running order.

ALL LOOKED AT HIS WIFE

A short time ago the Los Angeles Examiner advertised a \$10 prize for short stories, and the following was awarded the first prize:

Mr. and Mrs. Quinn were arguing the usual question—money. Mrs. Quinn wanted money with which to purchase a new dress, but Quinn did not think she needed one.

"Anyway," said Quinn, "why should you need a new dress? Shure, no one would look at you if you were dressed to kill. For me soul, ye are no beauty."

"Is it no one would look at me, ye say? Then I can show ye that some one would look at me, an' I'll prove it to ye, so. If I can walk down Market street and every man passin' will look at me, will ye give me the dress?"

"That I will; but it's comin' ye're gettin'." Shure, I don't believe even a old man would give ye a look."

"Indeed, then, I'll show ye," with which words Mrs. Quinn proceeded to dress for the street, with instructions for Quinn to follow her for a short distance.

As Mrs. Quinn walked down Market street every man who passed her looked around, or stood on the street smiling as she passed. Quinn was dumfounded and concluded that his wife was a very attractive woman.

"Shure," said he, "I must be blind not to see her good looks, when all these men are just gappin' at her."

A messenger boy passed with a bad grin on his face. "Ye ize," said Quinn, "what is all those men lookin' at that woman for? Is she just a beauty, now?"

"Gee, no! She ain't no beauty. She's a face! All the men is lookin' at her because she's slickin' out her tongue and makin' faces at every one of them that passes. Bout it, I guess we're the happy."

But who got the dress.

NEW MEXICO

(Written by Fayula A. Jones, Albuquerque, N. M., October 21, 1905.)

What province in this mighty land first gave to wealth a helping hand? The answer is, as all do know: New Mexico, New Mexico!

In song and story, legends old. A land of turquoise and of gold—Metalline wealth in fires glow—New Mexico, New Mexico!

Clasped by irony of Fate, Patiently waiting, ship of state, The first to come, the last to go—New Mexico, New Mexico!

P. S.—The above verses were a prelude to the paper entitled "Mineral Resources of New Mexico," read before the American Mining congress at El Paso, Texas, November 16, 1905.

A. V. Turner, the contractor and carpenter, took an hour or two from his labors yesterday and went duck hunting along the Rio Grande. He returned to the city with half a dozen fine web-footed fowls.

General Superintendent I. L. Hilliard, of the coast lines of the Santa Fe, and C. N. Carter, a resident of Gallup, passed through the city last night en route to headquarters from an eastern trip.

TWO INTERVIEWS JOINT STATEHOOD

T. A. Riordan, of Flagstaff, Says He is Opposed to Jointure.

ARTHUR G. WELLS IN FAVOR

T. A. Riordan, president of the Arizona Lumber and Timber company, who is in the city on business and pleasure combined, stated this forenoon that if congress does not pass a more binding bill on the joint statehood question than an enabling act, the people of Arizona adverse to the two-state measure have nothing to fear.

"I could get \$100 that there is not a person in Coconino county in favor of it," said the man who is at the head of an institution that has at least 1,900 men on its pay roll.

"All we want," continued Mr. Riordan, "is to be left alone. If we can't get single statehood we don't want any, and we are not particular about that. I believe that it would be just as well if we waited a few years till we are better fitted for statehood, and I believe then it will come to us without a struggle."

"We Arizonians are willing that New Mexico should get statehood; we would like to see you get it, but we don't want to be tied up with New Mexico."

"But what do you think of what the president has recommended that congress do in the statehood matter?" was asked Mr. Riordan.

"Well, I don't agree with the president," was the answer.

Then Mr. Riordan admitted that he didn't know why the people of Arizona were so opposed to joint statehood, but he was sure that they were not prejudiced.

The company of which Mr. Riordan is president is the largest lumber concern in Arizona. Their mills are located at Flagstaff at the foot of the San Francisco mountains.

The Difference of Opinion.

Stitting in the state circle of chairs with Mr. Riordan at the Alvarado, was Arthur G. Wells, general manager of the Santa Fe coast line. The Santa Fe owns more railroad in Arizona than all other roads doing business in Arizona put together. The interests of the Santa Fe in Arizona are larger than the interests of any one concern, except, probably, one or two large mining interests doing business in the southern part of the territory, and where Mr. Wells has to say on the subject of statehood is of no little consequence.

The fact that the corporation of which Mr. Wells is general manager, has interests equally as great in both territories, gives more weight to any statement he makes. He is also something that might affect the prosperity of the two territories, either for better or for worse, than probably any other person. And this is the opinion:

"I think the president handled the statehood matter shy. It is a matter worthy of deep thought. The question of state government is one that should always be considered from an economical point of view, and it looks to me as though joint statehood would be the more economical for New Mexico and Arizona."

Mr. Wells is a man of few words and always speaks to the point. What he has to say about the statehood matter should receive due consideration from the tax payers of the territories.

RALPH GLAZE MAKES THE ALL AMERICAN

Ralph Glaze has made good with Dartmouth and the prospect is that he will appear as end on the All-American foot ball eleven of 1906. This was Glaze's great desire when he left here last fall after the close of the base ball tournament, in which he did the twirling for the "Big Six" team of Trinidad, Colo. He had made the All-American the year previous, but two consecutive years is a record few college athletes reach, though it is a glory much sought after.

Glaze is a product of Colorado, and an excellent specimen of western brain and brawn.

The prospective All-American lineup will be as follows:

Ends—Sherlin of Yale and R. Glaze of Dartmouth.

Tackles—Bigelow of Yale and Squires of Harvard.

Guard—Tripp of Yale and Burr of Harvard.

Center—Torrey of Pennsylvania. Quarterback—Hutchinson of Yale. Left Halfback—Roome of Yale. Right Halfback—Hubbard of Amherst.

Fullback—McCormack of Princeton. Alternates.

Guard—Thompson of Cornell. Fullback—Vanderbilt of Pennsylvania. Halfback—Knox of Yale.

Substitutes.

End—Leary of Harvard and Knowlton of Harvard.

Tackles—Larsen of Pennsylvania and Hull of Harvard.

Guard—Hobson of Pennsylvania and Kershner of Harvard.

Center—Abramson of West Point. Quarterback—Mount Pleasant, or Carlisle.

Left Halfback—Sheble of Pennsylvania. Right Halfback—Wendell of Harvard.

Fullback—Car of Harvard.

Furious Fighting.

"For seven years," writes George W. Hoffman, of Harper, Wash., I had a bitter battle, with chronic stomach and liver trouble, but at last I won and cured my diseases by the use of Electric Bitters. I unhesitatingly recommend them to all, and don't intend in the future to be without them in the house. They are certainly a wonderful medicine, and have cured such a vast mass of mine." Sold under guarantee to do the same for you, by all druggists, at 50c a bottle. Try them today.

TURKEY AND PERBIA ARE AT WAR POINT.

Constantinople, Dec. 11.—Fifty thousand armed Persians are gathered south of Lake Urmia and threaten to invade a strip of territory in Vilayet Moudi, claimed by Turkey. Ottoman troops have been despatched to repel the invasion.